AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A video processing method for preparing an anti-aliased foreground image for display over an image background, said method comprising:

generating original foreground image signals by manipulation of a contiguous group of graphics primitives;

applying anti-aliasing filtering to edges of each primitive of said group of graphics primitives to generate primitive-processed image signals;

preparing said image background for display;

first processing said primitive-processed image signals to alpha blend said primitive-processed image over said image background, where alpha values of the edges of each primitive of said group of graphics primitives are determined by the anti-aliasing filtering;

second processing said original foreground image signals to superpose said original foreground image over said alpha-blended primitive-processed image so that only the anti-aliased edges, which extend outside an area of said original foreground image, of said alpha-blended primitive processed image remain exposed, low-pass filtering a result of said second processing to generate a low-pass filtered foreground image, detecting peripheral edge regions of said group of graphics primitives, superposing said peripheral edge regions of said low-pass filtered image over said result of said second processing, and generating a display signal based on a result of said superposing; and

outputting said [[a]] display signal for displaying said anti-aliased foreground image generated based on said original foreground image superposed over said alpha-blended primitive-processed image.

Claim 2 (Canceled).

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): A method according to claim [[2]] 1, wherein said low-pass filtering further comprises:

horizontal low-pass filtering; and

vertical low-pass filtering.

Claim 4 (Previously Presented): A method according to claim 3, wherein said horizontal low-pass filtering further comprises:

interpolating a pixel-shifted version of said original foreground image, said pixel-shifted image being shifted horizontally by a non-integral number of pixels; and

shifting said pixel-shifted image back by said non-integral number of pixels.

Claim 5 (Previously Presented): A method according to claim 4, wherein said non-integral number of pixels is half a pixel.

Claim 6 (Previously Presented): A method according to claim 3, wherein said vertical low-pass filtering comprises:

first interpolating a vertically-expanded image from said original foreground image; and

second interpolating a non-vertically expanded image from said vertically expanded image.

Claim 7 (Previously Presented): A method according to claim 6, wherein said

vertically expanded image is expanded by a vertical factor of 2.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): A method according to claim [[2]] 1, wherein each

pixel of said original foreground image has an associated transparency coefficient, and

wherein said low-pass filtering and said superposing further comprise:

writing said low-pass filtered image over said original foreground image so that

said original foreground image is modified by pixels of said low-pass filtered image in

dependence on said transparency coefficient associated with each display position of said

original foreground image, said transparency coefficient for pixels near a peripheral edge

of the group of graphics primitives in said original foreground image being set so that the

pixels near the peripheral edge of the group of graphics primitives are replaced by

corresponding pixels of said low-pass filtered image.

Claim 9-15 (Cancelled).

Claim 16 (Currently Amended): A video processing apparatus for preparing an

anti-aliased foreground image for display over an image background, said apparatus

comprising:

a generator to generate original foreground image signals by manipulation of a

contiguous group of graphics primitives;

an anti-alias filter to apply anti-aliasing filtering to edges of each primitive of said

group of graphics primitives to generate primitive-processed image signals;

first logic means to prepare said image background for display;

second logic means to process said primitive-processed image signals to alpha

blend said primitive-processed image over said image background, where alpha values of

the edges of each primitive of said group of graphics primitives are determined by the anti-

alias filter; [[and]]

third logic means to process said original foreground image signals to superpose

said original foreground image over said alpha-blended primitive-processed image so that

only the anti-aliased edges, which extend outside an area of said original foreground

image, of said alpha-blended primitive processed image remain exposed, said third logic

means low-pass filtering a result of said second processing to generate a low-pass filtered

foreground image, detecting peripheral edge regions of said group of graphics primitives,

superposing said peripheral edge regions of said low-pass filtered image over said result of

said second processing, and generating a signal for displaying based on a result of said

superposing; and

fourth logic means to output said [[a]] signal for displaying said anti-aliased

foreground image generated based on said original foreground image superposed over said

alpha-blended primitive-processed image.

Claim 17 (Currently Amended): A computer readable storage medium including a

processing program, stored thereon, to cause a computer to make a video processing

apparatus perform a process of preparing an anti-aliased foreground image for display

over an image background in order to provide anti-aliasing in a video effects system, the

process comprising:

generating original foreground image signals by manipulation of a contiguous

group of graphics primitives;

applying anti-aliasing filtering to edges of each primitive of said group of

primitives to generate primitive-processed image signals;

preparing said image background for display;

first processing said primitive-processed image signals to alpha blend said

primitive-processed image over said image background, where alpha values of the edges

of each primitive of said group of graphics primitives are determined by the anti-aliasing

filtering;

second processing said original foreground image signals to superpose said

original foreground image over said alpha-blended primitive-processed image so that only

the anti-aliased edges, which extend outside an area of said original foreground image, of

said alpha-blended primitive processed image remain exposed, low-pass filtering a result

of said second processing to generate a low-pass filtered foreground image, detecting

peripheral edge regions of said group of graphics primitives, superposing said peripheral

edge regions of said low-pass filtered image over said result of said second processing,

and generating a signal for displaying based on a result of said superposing; and

outputting said [[a]] signal for displaying said anti-aliased foreground image

generated based on said original foreground image superposed over said alpha-blended

primitive-processed image.